A Study on Issues and Challenges of Women Empowerment in Indian Union territory of Jammu and Kashmir (Kupwara scenario Aspect): A Survey

Sanober Ahad^{1*}, Shalini Saxena²

^{1,2}Department of Sociology, Mewar University, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan, India

*Corresponding Author: sgisrinagar@gmail.com

Available online at: www.isroset.org

Received: 17/Jun/2021, Accepted: 20/Jun/2021, Online: 30/Jun/2021

Abstract: This paper endeavors to examine the situation with Women Empowerment in India and features the Issues and Challenges of Women Empowerment specific region Jammu & Kashmir and along with Kupwara district. The various challenges, crime ratio of women in India also describe in this research work survey involved. In this paper we are describing research methodology and data collection using various approach techniques. The systematic literature also mentions for focusing on empowerment of women in India. As continuing the research work various government aid and central government schemes also mention and proper ways also introduce for improve empowerment of women in India. linear regression and statistical analysis also used for provide for resolve the issues for empowerment of women in India.

Keywords: Women, Violence, Empowerment, Challenges, Analytical Study, Kupwara District, impact of empowerment issue, etc.

I. INTRODUCTION: [5][3]

In Jammu and Kashmir Woman are the most common weaker section about their rights because of viciousness brought about by hostility and equipped clash. They are confronting number of provokes identified with wellbeing, economy, instruction, legislative issues, and all the more significantly they are damaged because of delayed sadness of contention in which number of ladies become widows. In this investigation specialist attempted to get to the opportunity of development inside and outside their homes, opportunity of procuring schooling when their relationships and difficulties looked by ladies were likewise related to the assistance of essential and optional information. Analyst found that ladies had undeniable degree of opportunity for their schooling before marriage and they had significant degree of opportunity for their development both inside and outside their villages Women Empowerment Efforts for ladies strengthening as a phenomenon isn't something totally new. It has been there since forever in practically all societies. What could be considered as new is its undeniably turning out in broad daylight., it is moved and reshaped for women's government assistance and their turn of events. It is being discussed, detailed and fundamentally assessed (Fadia, 2017). A ladies strengthening starts with cognizance discernments about herself and her privileges, her abilities, her possibilities, consciousness of what sex and socio social and political powers mean for her. Truth be told, ladies strengthening is the foundation for the achievement of triple objectives of equity, improvement and social equity. The idea of ladies strengthening implies liberation of ladies from the horrendous holds of social, prudent, political, exceptionally rank and sexual orientation based separation. It implies giving ladies the opportunity to settle on life decisions. Enabling ladies is to make them autonomous altogether angles from mind, thought, rights, choices and so on by leaving to the side all the social and family constraints. It has additionally bean acknowledged and acknowledged that certified responsibility and endeavours must be made by every country at the government, non-government and individual levels [13,14].

Survey Paper

E-ISSN: 2454-9312

P-ISSN: 2454-6143

II. EMPOWERMENT IN JAMMU AND KASHMIR: [12]

Rustic ladies strengthening in Jammu and Kashmir Kashmiri society is male centric in nature, which has bound ladies to four dividers 12]. Particularly, in provincial regions, ladies had restricted openness to current specialized devices and low degree of schooling with restricted opportunity of association in view of discrimination and viciousness. Sex discrimination is on ascent because of winning social, financial and political disturbances. Low participation of country ladies in the financial and political exercises, which has seriously influenced the cycle of improvement resultantly it has disintegrated their right to speak freely and articulation, opportunity to get training and upgrade of work openings. Ladies in rustic regions in Jammu and Kashmir additionally face a ton of more noteworthy difficulties i.e aggressive behaviour at home, insufficient and chaotic medical services, absence of dynamic power, poor and low

status of ladies, absence of mindfulness, lack of education and obliviousness and furthermore numerous traditions and social practices prevent the strengthening of ladies. The state government is making some solid strides in enabling provincial ladies by assisting ladies with encouraging themselves and their families. A tremendous populace of ladies in Jammu and Kashmir is jobless and another huge segment comprises of widows and half widows. The state government passed the insurance of ladies from aggressive behaviour at home demonstration (PWDVA) in 2010 (Showkeen, 2015). The government executed different schemes for country strengthening of ladies in Jammu and Kashmir, plans like: Umeed conspire, public in reverse classes account and improvement enterprise plot (NBCFDC), Sher-I-Kashmir work and government assistance programs. One of the vital feature of country strengthening of ladies in Jammu and Kashmir and different pieces of India, is that the ladies ought to understand the significance of their own personality for society overall for their own self specifically. They ought to likewise understand that solitary training would enable them enormously. [10]

III. AIM & OBJECTIVES

- 1. To study the need of women empowerment and employment stability parameters determine specific in Jammu & Kashmir 's women.
- 2. To identify the interferences and establishment in the path of women empowerment [7].
- 3. To study and analyse the affecting factors for influencing the Commercial, Enlightening Empowerment of women.
- 3. To study and present the government schemes and aids for women empowerment for Jammu & Kashmir with specific Kupwara district. [9]
- 4. To evaluate the awareness programs for empowerment of women in J& K [12].
- 5. to deliberate and useful suggestion and in light of findings for empowerment of women establishment.

IV. REVIEW OF LITERATURE, ROL

Malala Yousafzail: Malala gives so many story for women strength and write blogging of empowerment of women in India as well as world. She provides and give significance of how women faces challenges and issues in terrible situation All over world knows very well Malala has achieved noble peace prize award and more awards. She delivers messages to society how to women empowerment improves in specific India country.

Master Vivekananda 2: As the focus shift economic structures, provide women with leadership opportunities and making them a part of decision and making go long way to achieve empowerment. Social empowerment is the most mainstream focus and highlight situation in social media. The author said that basic way to improve empowerment of women based on education system.

V. DATA COLLECTION

As the methodology continued in most sociology research, present examination depends on the both essential just as auxiliary wellspring of the information assortment. This paper is essentially graphic and insightful in nature. In this paper an endeavour has been taken to dissect the strengthening of in India. The information utilized in it is simply from auxiliary sources as indicated by the need of this investigation. The data collection is based on primary data and collection of survey data records. [9]

- Sample survey data records.
- Primary data consist and various survey collection and SPSS analysis.
- Statistical analysis based test performed and prove hypothesis based analysis.

VI. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY: [9] [10]

This investigation will be distinct and scientific in nature. The specialist means to examine the strengthening of women in District Kupwara. The information will be founded on essential and optional sources as indicated by the need of this examination. The information was gathered by overseeing the arrangement of inquiries through talk with plan identified with their opportunity of schooling and development. [9]

The research methodology is based linear regression analysis and perform the comparison of various empowerment of women in Jammu & Kashmir [10]

- Linear regression analysis based results determined.
- Framework model and design model represented.

VII. CHALLENGES TO EMPOWERMENT OF WOMEN IN JAMMU AND KASHMIR: [10]

- The State government has put forth substantial attempts to engage ladies by assisting ladies with encouraging themselves and their families by giving them number of projects like Support to preparing and business program, Empower gifted ladies program.
- Development of Vocational Skills, MGNREGA and National mission for strengthening of ladies, yet with a gigantic jobless ladies' populace and huge number of widows and half-widows these projects are not adequate and these projects do not have the soul of tenderizing change in the mentality of male controlled society.
- There are numerous difficulties which the ladies of Jammu and Kashmir is confronting critical among them is savagery, which is propagated at home grown level just as at state level and lack of education and obliviousness of rustic ladies' limitation their strengthening cycle. Examination discoveries across the state have discovered that young ladies are getting hitched at an early age which influences their general advancement undeniably.
- Lack of dynamic authority has additionally driven ladies into the subordinate position. Numerous traditions and social practices like guardians don't send their little girls to schools when they accomplish

adolescence, absence of political investment, absence of mindfulness, Inadequate and disorderly medical services conveyance framework and joblessness are the significant impediments in the way of ladies strengthening

VIII. IMPACT OF WOMEN EMPOWERMENT: ANALYTICAL ASPECTS. [7][8]

Social Women Empowerment An essential piece of social fortifying of women is the progression of sexual direction value. Sex consistency surmises an overall population where women and men value comparative opportunities, results, rights and responsibilities taking everything together circles of life.

Educational Women Empowerment It suggests empowering women with the data, capacities, and self-condense imperative to participate totally in the improvement cycle. It infers making women aware of their advantages and developing a condense to promise them.

Monetary and word related reinforcing It recommends a prevalent nature of material life through viable occupations guaranteed and directed by women. It suggests reducing their financial dependence on their male accomplices by making them a significant part of the human resource.

Lawful Women Empowerment It suggests the game plan of an incredible legal plan which is solid of women reinforcing. It suggests watching out for the openings between what the law suggests and what truly occurs.

Political Women Empowerment. It suggests the presence of a political structure inclining toward the interest in and control by the women of the political unique cycle and in organization

Present situation of women: [8] [10]

2014: A record 7 female priests are delegated in the Modi service, of whom 6 hold Cabinet rank, the most noteworthy number of female Cabinet pastors in any Indian government ever.

2017: On 25 March, **Tanushree Pareek** turned into the first female combat battle official dispatched by the Border Security Force. The proficiency rate is lower for ladies contrasted with men: the education rate is 60.6% for females, while for guys it is 81.3%. [11]

The 2011 enumeration, in any case, shown a 2001–2011 decadal education development of 9.2%, which is more slow than the development seen during the earlier decade. There is a wide sexual orientation divergence in the proficiency rate in India: viable education rates (age 7 or more) in 2011 were 82.14% for men and 65.46% for ladies. (populace matured 15 or more established, information from 2015)..

Crimes against women in India: [2][3].

• 405861 crimes against women in India specific region Jammu and Kashmir. (2019).

- 3061 cases crimes against women in Jammu and Kashmir. (2019
- 55% to 62% ratio of crime against women for incease in year 2016-2019.
- 50 to 60% women violation increase in Jammu and Kasmir 2019-2020.

Source by NCRB – national crime record bureau) and human rights reports 2011-2020.

IX. NEED OF WOMEN EMPOWERMENT IN INDIA: PROSPECTS SCENARIO

Why need of women reinforcing: The most mainstream saying said by the Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is "To mix people, the women ought to be mixed. At the point when she is moving, the family moves, the town moves, the nation moves". In India, to connect with the women, rst it needs to kill all of the underhanded spirits executing women's advantages and characteristics in the overall population like offer structure, absence of schooling, obscene conduct, difference, female kid murder, oppressive conduct at home against women, attack, prostitution, illegal managing and various issues. Sex isolation in the nation brings social, social, financial and educational differences which push country back. The best answer for homicide such rascals is making women empowered by ensuring the Right to Equality referred to in the Constitution of India. Offering need to the sexual direction consistency empowers women reinforcing wherever on the country [11].

X. FINDINGS OF THE STUDY

1There are a couple of Government activities and NGOs in the Country, there is at this point a wide opening that exists between those under security and those not [9].

- 2. Poverty and absence of instruction add to these disarrays, The Empowerment of Women begins with an affirmation of their prosperity and security [10].
- 3. Strengthening of Women should be refined if their financial and monetary prosperity is improved [5].

XI. SUGGESTIONS

- 1. The foremost priority should be given to the education of women, which is the grassroots issue. In this way, preparing of education facilities for women should be given exceptional thought [8].
- 2. Care projects ought to be facilitated for making care among women especially having a spot with more common weaker fragments about their advantages [6].
- 3. Women should be allowed to work and should be given adequate prosperity and sponsorship to work. They should be outfitted with authentic wages and work at standard with men so their status can be brought up in the overall population.

XII. CONCLUSION

We conclude that the research work replies various schemes and aids which is provided by state government and central government for improving enablement of women in Jammu and Kashmir. The social empowerment, economic, education, physiological, political, social, technology, self-assessment, interprenuear ship business module also provide for women empowerment in India. In this paper we are describe crime ratio of women in with respect of India as compare to Jammu and Kashmir region. freedom of women in social network including the best way to improve empowerment of women in India and specific for Jammu and Kashmir [12] [15].

REFERENCES

- [1]. https://www.iaspaper.net/women-empowerment-in-india/amp/
- [2]. http://www.business-standard.com/article/currentaffairs/domestic-violence-topscrimes-against-women-saysreport-115120200013_1.html
- [3]. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Women_in_India
- [4]. http://www.indiacelebrating.com/essay/women-empowerment-essay/
- [5]. http://www.importantindia.com/19050/essay-on-womenempowerment/
- [6]. http://wcd.nic.in/schemes-listing/2405.
- [7]. Kishor, S. and Gupta, K., Gender Equality and Womens Empowerment in India, National Family Health Survey (NFHS-3) INDIA, 2005-06, International Institute for Population Sciences, Deonar, Mumbai, 2009.
- [8]. Suguna, M., Education and Women Empowerment in India. ZENITH: International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research, 1(8), 19-21, 2011.
- [9]. Duflo E. Women's Empowerment and Economic Development, National Bureau of Economic Research, Cambridge, 2011.
- [10]. India: Women's Empowerment IFAD / OE. The Republic of India; TamiluNadu Women's Development Project: Completion Evaluation, Report 340 – IN Rome, April, 2000.
- [11]. Baruah B. Role of Electronic Media in Empowering Rural, 2013.
- [12]. Goswami, L. Education for Women Empowerment. ABHIBYAKTI: Annual Journal, 1, 17-18, 2013.
- [13]. Baruah, B. Role of Electronic Media in Empowering Rural Women Education of N.E. India. ABHIBYAKTI: Annual Journal, 1, 23-26.
- [14] Kadam, R. N. (2012). Empowerment of Women in India- An Attempt to Fill the Gender Gap. International Journal of Scientific and Research Publications, 2(6), 11-13, 2013.
- [15]. Nagaraja, B. Empowerment of Women in India: A Critical Analysis. Journal of Humanities and Social Science (IOSRJHSS), 9(2), 45-52, 2013. [WWW page]. URL http: www.Iosrjournals.Org/empowerment.html.
- [16] Deshpande, S., and Sethi, S., Role and Position of Women Empowerment in Indian Society. International Referred Research Journal, 1(17), 10-12, 2010.